

The Brandon Mail.

VOL. I.

THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1884.

NO. 29.

LEGAL.

D. R. COOPER,
Attorney, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c.
BRANDON, MAN.

W. A. MACDONALD,
Solicitor, Attorney, Solicitor, Notary Public,
Charleston, etc.

MANITOBA.
MONEY TO LOAN.
SITON & SIFTON at Imperial Bank, Rosser Ave.

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DR. MATHESON,
VIRGEN, MANITOBA.

DR. L. A. MORE,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
Gold Medalist Trinity University, Toronto, M.C.P.
and S. Ontario and Manitoba.
Office and Residence: Cosmopolitan & Stewart's Block,
Cor. 5th and Rosser, Brandon.

DENTAL.
J. BARKER VOSBURGH,
(Late of Montreal.)
SURGEON-DENTIST.
Special attention to the Preservation of Natural
Teeth.
Artificial Teeth inserted in gold or vulcanite.
Office & Residence: Over B. Meredith & Co's store
Southwest corner Rosser Ave. and 6th St.
Hours:—Evening 6 to 8. Hours—Night and Day.

F. E. DOERING,
DENTIST.
Gas for Painless Extraction of Teeth.
Office—Over T. T. Atkinson's store, Mole-
worth Block, north-east corner Rosser Avenue
and 6th Street, Brandon. Hours—Evening 6 to 8.
Gold filling &c. &c.

BUSINESS CARDS.
MISS GIBSON,
FASHIONABLE DRESS & MANTLE MAKER,
RICHARD BLOCK, BRANDON.
Corner of Rosser Avenue and Sixth Street.

ALEX. MCINTYRE,
WHOLESALE WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
8th St., between Rosser and Princess Avenue,
Brandon, Man.

JAMES McKINLEY, Manager.
Good selection of cigars always on hand.
Aug 10/83

FRED. TORRANCE,
B. A. (McGill V. S. (Montreal Vet. Coll.)
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Provincial Veterinarian by Appointment.
Telephone in Connection.
Office and Livery, Eleven & 12th Street, Brandon.

POUDRIER & BROWNLEE,
Dominion Land Surveyors,
And Civil Engineers.

CITY AND COUNTY ENGINEERS.
Aug 10/83 Moleworth Block, Brandon.

ARTHUR J. TIMMEL & CO.,
Successors to
McGee & Timmewell,
Architects, Civil Engineers,
Building Surveyors and Contractors.
MASONIC BLOCK, ROSSER AVENUE.
Special attention to
CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, PUBLIC BUILDINGS, RAILWAY
BUILDINGS, GAS, AND SANITARY WORKS. BRILLI-
P. O. Box 5. Aug 10/83

A. GRANT,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Best materials on hand. Perfect fitting guaranteed.
Shop, Rosser Avenue between Sixth and Seventh
Street.

A. F. & A. M. G. R. M.
The regular meeting night of Brandon Lodge,
No. 15, is held on the Tuesday on or before full
moon. Visiting brethren invited.
E. DICKSON, W. M.
E. HUGHES, Sec.

FARMERS! ATTENTION!!
For Sale and Must be sold.
NORTH half Sec. 22, T. 12, R. 19, W. 2. This
Farm is well adapted for growing wheat,
having about 100 acres ready for the plow and
40 to 50 acres of good upland soil. The balance
is good pasture land. It is one of the best
farms in the City of Brandon, and is only
10 miles from the City of Brandon, and is
from Rapid City, giving the farmer the best
two good markets. Terms will be made to suit
purchaser, and any reasonable offer will be
received. For particulars apply to or address
THOS. TORRANCE,
Provincial Engineer, Prairie.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
MUNICIPALITY OF
South Cypress.
NOTICE is hereby given that a By-law to raise the
sum of \$2,500 by the issue of debentures for the
purpose of aiding the construction of roads and bridges
has been submitted to the Council of the Municipality
of South Cypress, and that a vote thereon of the rate-
payers entitled will be taken on
The 16th day of April next,
At the house of W. B. Thomas, for Ward 1, at the
house of W. Foster, for Ward 2, and at the Millard
School House for Ward 3, under the provisions of the
"Municipalities Act of 1883."

The said By-law provides that the said debentures
shall be payable in fifteen years, and that the rate
to be levied for interest and sinking fund shall be
eight-tenths of a mill in the dollar.
The said Municipality has no present Debenture
debt, and its ratable property, according to the last
revised assessment roll, is \$121,000.
The said By-law, or a true copy thereof, is on file
and can be seen in the office of the undersigned until
the day of taking said vote.
The further consideration of the By-law after tak-
ing said vote is fixed for the 23rd day of April, 1884,
at the Council Room in Millard's at 10 o'clock in the
forenoon.
Dated at Millard, the 12th day of March, 1884.

F. FITZ ROY DIXON,
Clerk Municipality of South Cypress.

The Weekly Mail

Is published every Thursday in time for the
mails leaving Brandon that day, and will contain
full telegraphic and market reports and a full
summary of all local, Provincial and Dominion
news and carefully written editorials upon all
public questions.
Subscription, \$2.00 per year when paid in ad-
vance, and \$2.50 when not so paid.

ADVERTISING RATES.				
Space.	1 year.	6 mos.	3 mos.	1 mo.
1 Column	\$125 00	\$75 00	\$48 00	\$20 00
"	70 00	40 00	25 00	12 00
"	40 00	25 00	15 00	8 00
"	25 00	15 00	8 00	5 00
Each	12 00	7 00	4 00	2 50

The above rates are limited to Commercial Ad-
vertising; all other advertising, such as Legal
Notices, By-Laws, &c., charged at the rate
of 12 cents per line for first insertion, and 8 cents
per line for each subsequent insertion. The line
may be estimated at 36 words, or the equivalent
part of an inch in the case of columns.
No fee charged under "Special" heads in read-
ing matter. 15 cents per line each insertion.
No paper and no advertisements discontinued
until all arrears are paid.

C. CLIFFE,
Editor and Publisher.

SHORTHAND INSTRUCTION:

Pitman's Phonography by Mail.
W. G. KNIGHT, Oak Lake, Manitoba.
MONEY TO LOAN.
MANITOBA INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION.
Loans on improved farms rapidly paid through.
Share no derate.
Wm. J. Aiken, Winnipeg, Manager.
SITON & SIFTON, Solicitors, &c., Brandon.
Office, Cor. 4th Street and Rosser Ave.

Black Russian Hulls BARLEY, FOR SALE.

It yields well, and weighs over sixty pounds to
the bushel, and is considered by some of the
leading stock raisers in Ontario to be superior to
any other for fattening. It does not run to touch it
after being sown. It is sold in 50 lb. bags, deliv-
ered in Brandon. Bags extra. Samples sent
on by Mail. Apply to
E. G. ARMSTRONG,
1410 1/2 St. W., Brandon, Man.
A sample may be seen at S. Patrick & Son's
1111 and 1113 St. W. Brandon.

THE CLUB STABLE

TWELFTH STREET, BRANDON.

The above splendid building is now open as a
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable. It is most conven-
iently situated between Rosser and Princess
Avenues, directly opposite the Brandon Club
House, and every kind of care, New Harness
and Saddle, and every kind of repair work, and
all other business connected with the Stable
will be done in the most prompt and reliable
manner.
Office of the CLUB'S PLUM CREEK STAGE.
Passengers booked through to the Turpie Mount-
ain, and other resorts. Freightage done to all
parts of the country.
JAMES O'NEILL, Prop.
FRANK A. TAMBLYN, Manager.

PORTA LA PRAIRIE MARBLE WORKS

S. RAYNER & CO.,
Acceptance of work, and all kinds of
HEADSTONES, MARBLE & GRANITE
MONUMENTS,
On the shortest notice. The most designs fur-
nished in explanation.
All work done up with a reasonable distance
from the city.
Porta La Prairie, Man.
Workmen—D. W. N. 1/2 St. W. and a Flamer
at the corner of the city.

Main Street, PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE.
D. BOWLEY.
AGENT FOR PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE AND COUNTY.

T. LEE & CO.
Importers and Manufacturers of all kinds
Harness, saddles, Trunks, Brides, Whips, etc.

SATCHELS AND VALISES
of all kinds.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RE-
PAIRING TRUNKS.

Oxen and Horses' Outfit
Trunk Locks and Keys always on hand.
SIXTH STREET, NEAR ROSSER AVE.

HELLYAR BROS.,

FIRE LIFE
AND MARINE
INSURANCE AGENTS.

CUSTOMS BROKERS,

Money to Loan
on bonds, stocks, and all good farm and improved
real estate. Particulars on demand and Pre-emptive
rights.

OFFICE: ROSSER AVE.,
Near 6th Street.

A. H. HELLYAR,
W. H. HELLYAR,

CITY COUNCIL.

A meeting was held on Monday
evening, Aids. Moor, Lee, Adams,
Cameron, Sifton, Kavanagh and
Durst being present. The Mayor in
the chair.
The minutes of the last (a special)
meeting were read and approved.

COMMUNICATIONS.
From F. G. A. Henderson, con-
sidering the bond of the City Cham-
berlain sufficient.—Filed.

From J. A. Smart, asking for a
crossing on Lorne Ave. between 6th
and 7th streets.—Board of Works.

From M. Corregan and others,
asking that in future all public works
be let to residents with families, in-
stead of single men.—Sent to Board
of Works.

From Dr. Macdonald, asking that
the public be notified as to vaccination.
—Sent to Finance.

From the Hon. C. P. Brown, en-
closing a copy of letter of L. Buchan,
secretary of Judicial Board, suggest-
ing the city assume the remaining
cost of the Court House, and approv-
ing the idea; also that a by-law for
\$20,000 be passed by the Council,
and that a special Act be passed to
legalize it, and that an offer of 96
was now made for the \$20,000 of
city debentures.

From C. S. Drummond, Winnipeg,
giving particulars as to sinking fund
to meet debentures. It would re-
quire 7 per cent. to meet interest,
and 2 per cent. sinking fund, the 12
per cent. from the Judicial Board as
received to be deducted.

From the ratepayers of 17th street,
asking a sidewalk on Rosser, west of
11th street.—Sent to Board of
Works.

From Messrs. Campbell & Duncan,
on the police force, asking their
salaries to be advanced to \$750 and
and \$720 a year respectively.—Fin-
ance.

Ald. Johnstone here entered.
The Mayor, in reference to the
debentures, said Mr. Brown was con-
fused on the figures. The city would
receive 12 per cent. on but the Court
House debentures. He (the Mayor)
promised to submit the \$20,000 by-
law to the Council for their pleasure,
and if passed to have it legalized by
Special Act this Session, the bill for
which the Deputy Attorney General
and himself had already drafted, and
which he then read. He, the Mayor,
fully understood Mr. Drummond to
give 96 for the \$20,000 issue, as well
as the \$70,000 of Court House De-
bentures.

REPORTS.

The Finance Committee passed
the annexed accounts, and report
was adopted:—

Police salaries 262 48
Fire, Water and Light 173 30
Official's salaries 208 00
Telephone, Police Office 25 00
Monthly works 90 60

That the clerk write Mr. Barr, of
the School Board, enclosing solicitor's
letter re garnishees.

The estimates in the above, for the
year, were laid over.

Two applications for truck licen-
ses were granted.

The Special Committee reported
that Alexander, Kelly & Co. had
fully complied with terms of bonus,
and later on a by-law was passed
authorizing the issue of a note for
the amount in their favor.

INQUIRIES.

Ald. Sifton wanted to know why
the chairman of their committees
were not ready with their estimates,
when Aids. Cameron and Johnstone,
for Board of Works and Health,
thought it better to wait the dispo-
sal of debentures, to see what money
would be on hand, at least to delay
till next meeting.

Ald. Moor desired to know if some-
thing could not be done to pay
balance of wages due on hose tower.

Ald. Sifton said it was unfortunate
the Council promised to pay the
Imperial Bank out of the tax receipts
instead of putting it off till sale of
debentures, that would have left
plenty of funds to meet all current
purposes.

To Ald. Moor the Mayor said pro-
ceeds of last debenture went to the
Bank of Nova Scotia.

Ald. Adams desired to know what
the Health and Relief Committee
should do in the absence of Ald. Lar-
kin, the chairman, who would be
gone a week. The Mayor said, ap-
point another pro tem.

MOTIONS.

Durst and Sifton—That the Chief
of Police be instructed to enforce
by-law as to street obstructions.

Sifton and Cameron—That the
Chamberlain pay the School Board
\$200.

Cameron and Adams—That the
Chamberlain's office furniture be
moved to the City Hall.

Moor and Lee—That the Mayor
and Clerk be instructed to make a
note in favor of Alexander, Kelly
and Co., for balance of bonus.

All the motions carried.

NOTICES.

Ald. Sifton gave notice of motion
to introduce a by-law to regulate the
liquor licenses in the city.

In committee of the whole, on the
debenture by-law, to Aids. Sifton,
Durst and Kavanagh, the Mayor said
he thought it would be necessary to
issue additional \$20,000 Court House
debentures, to induce Messrs. Drum-
mond Bros. to take those of Brandon
already issued.

Aids. Adams and Moor considered
passing a by-law without submitting
it to the people was a bad precedent.
So did others, but the Mayor said
there was not time to do anything
else now, as the House would adjourn
in a few days. These by-laws were
read a first and a second time, to be
passed in a day or two.

On Wednesday, at a special meet-
ing, the by-law was passed, so the
entire debentures of the city are now
virtually sold at 96.

BURLINGTON ITEMS.

Our Reeve leaves to-morrow for
Birtle to attend County Council.

Farmers have begun seeding. One
man had forty bushels of wheat sown
on the 1st.

Mrs. Roberts held an examination
in her school last Friday prior to her
leaving for Birtle.

A. R. McDougall, J. P., clerk of the
municipality, left this morning for
Birtle on official business.

Snow is nearly all gone on the
prairie. Rivers are partly open.
Geese and ducks are making their
appearance round the lakes.

Loaded teams pass here from Min-
nedosa daily with goods received via
the M. & N. W. Railway, going to
Birtle, Robar, Russell and Shell
Mouth.

J. W. Ferrier has leased his black
smith shop on the corner of Orde St.
and Grand Ave. to Mr. King, late of
Brandon. We wish him every suc-
cess in business.

A concert will be held here next
Tuesday evening, whose proceeds are
to aid Mr. Joseph Rattel, who is re-
covering from a long and painful ill-
ness, congestion of the lungs.

Constable Nixon, in charge of the
N. W. M. Police Barracks here is
awaiting official orders to remove
west, as it is generally believed that
the M. & N. W. Railway have pur-
chased the barracks.

Mr. A. H. Scolan, accompanied
by Mr. J. Snider, returned on Satur-
day night, from their exploring trip
north of Lake Andy. They were as
far north as township 22, range 20,
and found abundance of spruce and
tamarack, with spots of beautiful
prairie land. They stopped over
one day at Mr. Bazy's place, a snug
little farm near the shore of Lake
Andy. He has raised fine crops of
grain and roots. He has resided
there for the past six years, and was
much pleased to have company as he
is "batching" alone.

Burlington, Shoal Lake P.O.
April 2nd, 1884.

In a divorce case in a Detroit court
last week, the wife of a market gar-
dener near Windsor testified that her
husband had frequently yoked her
to a plough with a steer. The hus-
band did not deny the accusation,
but pleaded that it was the ordinary
custom among market gardeners in
that part of Canada.

A horse driven by Parker, the
drayman, met with a bad accident
crossing Assiniboine Avenue,
below the C.P.R., the other day. Par-
ker thought there was a bridge cross-
ing the ditch at that place, and when
he drove on to what he supposed was
the crossing the horse went down
almost out of sight, in the snow and
water. A severe spraining was the
result.

BRANDON CITY SCHOOLS.

Honor List for March.

COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT.

E. S. PERRAM, B.A., Teacher.

Reading: 1st class honors—Fan Hooper, B. Smith, K. Shillinglaw, A. Stewart, C. Brothwell; 2nd class honors—Grace Johnstone, K. Shillinglaw, Alf Stewart, Geo Davidson, C. Brothwell.

Spelling: 1st class honors—F Hooper, M Wastie, K. Shillinglaw, A. Stewart, C. Brothwell, H. Sanderson; 2nd class honors—Geo Davidson, Bella Smith.

English Grammar and Composition: 1st class honors—Hugh Sanderson; 2nd class honors—F Hooper, K Shillinglaw, G Johnston, Alf Stewart.

Geography: 1st class honors—F Hooper, K Shillinglaw, H Sanderson, C Brothwell; 2nd class honors—M Wastie, B. Smith, G Johnston, Geo Davidson, Geo Winter, Alf Stewart.

Canadian History: 1st class honors—F Hooper, M Wastie, A Stewart, H Sanderson, C Brothwell; 2nd class honors—G Davidson, C Brothwell.

English History: 1st class honors—F Hooper, K Shillinglaw, H Sanderson; 2nd class honors—A Stewart, M Johnston.

Science: 1st class honors—G Johnston, Geo Winter, C. Brothwell, Hugh Sanderson; 2nd class honors—F Hooper, K Shillinglaw.

Mathematics: 1st class honors—A Stewart, G Johnston; 2nd class honors—Fan Hooper, K Shillinglaw, M Wastie, Bella Smith, C Brothwell, H Sanderson, Geo Winter.

Arithmetic: 1st class honors—H Sanderson; 2nd class honors—G Winter, C Brothwell.

Algebra: 1st class honors—H Sanderson; 2nd class honors—A Stewart, Geo Winter.

Geometry: 1st class honors—Geo Winter, H Sanderson; 2nd class—F Hooper, K Shillinglaw, G Johnston, C Brothwell.

Latin: 1st class honors—A Stewart; 2nd class—Geo Davidson, Geo Winter, R Shillinglaw.

French: 1st class honors—Fan Hooper, K Shillinglaw, W. Smith, M Wastie, G Johnston and A Stewart.

STANDARD VIII.

Reading: 1st class honors—C Beaton, H Hooper, A Matheson; 2nd class—M Johnston, W McDonald, Jas Stewart, A Smith, B. P. L. Lang.

Spelling: 1st class honors—H Hooper; 2nd class—W Hooper, A Matheson, Johnston.

Grammar: 1st class honors—M Johnston, A Matheson, E. Knowlton; 2nd class—H Hooper, C Beaton, A Smith, W McDonald.

Geography: 1st class honors—W McDonald, A Smith, J. Stewart, C. Brothwell, E. Knowlton, L. Lang, M Johnston.

Canadian History: 1st class honors—J Johnston, W McDonald; 2nd class—A Smith, H Hooper.

English History: 1st class honors—A Matheson, M Johnston, E. Knowlton, L. Lang, A McDonald, Alex Smith; 2nd class—Beaton, J Stewart, H Hooper.

Arithmetic: 1st class honors—A Smith, W Hooper, A McDonald, C J Beaton, E S Knowlton, H Hooper, M Johnston, A Matheson; 2nd class—L. Lang.

Bookkeeping: 1st class honors—W McDonald, J. Beaton, E S Knowlton, M Johnston; 2nd class honors—A Smith, Jas Stewart, L. Lang, A Matheson.

Writing: 1st class honors—C J Beaton; 2nd class—H Hooper, Alex Smith, W McDonald, E S Knowlton, M Johnston, Annie Matheson.

STANDARD VII.

T. J. LAMONT, Teacher.

Reading: 1st class honors—J. Lader, A Stewart; 2nd class—W Drew, A Crossley, R. L. H. H.

Spelling: 1st class honors—W Drew, J. Lader, J. Lader.

Grammar: 1st class honors—A Crossley, J. Lader, Russell G Purvis; 2nd class honors—H Lillingham, A Stewart, N Drew.

Geography: 1st class honors—W Drew, A Crossley; 2nd class—J. Lader.

English History: 1st class honors—J. Lader; 2nd class—W Drew, G Purvis.

Canadian History: 1st class honors—H Lillingham; 2nd class—A Crossley, J. Lader, W Drew.

Bookkeeping: J. Lader, A Stewart; 2nd class—W Lillingham, W. Drew.

Writing: 1st class honors—A Stewart, J. Lader; 2nd class—R. L. H. H.

Present every school day—Amy Crossley.

STANDARD VI.

Spelling: 1st class honors—C Hopwood, A. Smith, A. Leslie, A. McKinnon; 2nd class—B. Boyd, H. A. Tremblay.

Grammar: 1st class honors—F Mitchell, W. A. McKenzie; 2nd class—W. A. McKenzie, W. Leslie, H. Hanam, E. M. L. L. L.

Geography: 1st class honors—W. Leslie; 2nd class—F Mitchell.

Canadian History: 1st class honors—C Hopwood, F Mitchell; 2nd class—W. Hanam.

English History: 1st class honors—W. Leslie, C. Hopwood, W. A. McKenzie; 2nd class—M. Miller, R. Boyd, 2nd class—Mitchell, Powers, McKenzie, Hopwood.

Arithmetic: 1st class honors—M. Miller, R. Boyd; 2nd class—Mitchell, Powers, McKenzie, Hopwood.

Present every school day—M. Flewing, H. Wood, Leslie, Mitchell, Trench.

STANDARD V.

Miss McPherson, Teacher.

Reading: 1st class honors—John Matheson, Thomas Dore, Willie Reid, Earnest Drew, George Fries, Alice Purvis, Amy Davidson, Josi Ross.

STANDARD IV.

Ed White, Ella French, Violet Knight, Fred Russell, Minnie Clark, Nettie White, Emma Johnston, Sarah Miller, May Hill, and

STANDARD III.

Miss Lavo, Teacher.

1st Division—Emma Cox, Robert Gibson, Walter Collins, Frank Pastore, Robert Alexander Kerr, Sarah Nevins.

III Division.—Geo Knowlton, Lorraine Atkinson, Rudolph Romberg Frank Sanderson, Mabel Wastie, Orville Gen, Florence Sproule, Robert Boyd.

STANDARD II.

Miss Nichol, Teacher.

I Division—Ida Farrar, Bessie Simpson, James Moffatt, Charlie Shaw, N West, Geo Miller.

II Division.—Garnet Acton, Isabella Pilling, Sarah Ernde, Freddie Touglass, F Reid, Maggie Scott, L Brock, Mabel Brock, C McTavish, L Scott.

STANDARD I.

1st Division—May Thompson, Eddie White, Geo Botting, Charlie Bourne, Jennie Miller.

2nd Division—Ethel Andersen, Lydia Bliss, Harry Wheelan, Rebecca Boyd, E Fleming.

The standard is obtained by combining the result of daily recitations in the class with the result of regular monthly written examinations.

Pupils to rank in first-class honors must have taken at least 85 per cent, and for second-class honors at least 70 per cent.

SHEPPARDVILLE.

Large quantities of wild geese appeared on Whitewater Lake last week and a flock was also seen flying towards the Souris river.

On Saturday last, at about noon, while a high wind was blowing, the house of Robert Campbell, 20, 5, 19, caught fire from a stove-pipe. The fire spread rapidly over the wooden building so that all efforts were futile to save anything. The contents consisting of all the household effects seed grain, etc., were quickly consumed. Mr. Campbell has a family to support and it is a serious loss.

Mr. Harry Dunkin, one of our go-ahead young farmers, sowed two and a half bushels of wheat last week on 12, 4, 20. This week he declares that he intends to push seeding operations extensively. He has a large area to get over and put in crop. He further stated that he had great faith in this province as a farming country, but finds fault with the government for not building a railroad through this part of Southern Manitoba.

Dr. R. G. Armstrong, John Houston, C. S. Smith and Henry Gallagher have all returned to their homelands. Dr. Armstrong, we hope, has returned to remain permanently amongst us. He has a beautiful farm well stocked, grinds feed for stock with a windmill. He has also brought a car-load of horses and is preparing to commence spring work, and from the looks of things he must be one of those who still think that farming will pay here.

In this beautiful Turtle Mountain valley from the Souris river on the north to the Dakota line, from the east to the indefinite west, the farmers are loudly denouncing the C.P.R. for not building us one of the two railroads so long promised us. Some farmers are openly advocating an appeal to arms as the last and only means of securing a railway.—Com.

MISSIIONARIES FOR MANITOBA.

Rev. Mr. Pitblado, pastor of St. Andrews Church, has returned to Winnipeg from attending a session of the Home Mission Committee of the Presbyterian Committee held in Toronto. The reverend gentleman was found at his residence Saturday morning by a representative of the Sun who ascertained the following information about the church in the Northwest, and the arrangements made for mission work this year. Last year the committee voted \$17,000 for mission work in this Province and the territories, but this year it was found that the amount could be reduced to \$13,000, because many of the congregations throughout the country have been self-sustaining since that time, and offer to pay their own pastors. Rev. James Robertson, at one time pastor of Knox Church here, was re-appointed superintendent of missions in the Northwest, and his salary fixed at two thousand dollars a year and all travelling expenses. The committee decided to pay all the supplemented congregations from the augmentation fund. The salaries of missionaries in the Northwest were discussed, and it was pointed out by the Rev. Mr. Pitblado that the cost of living was so much higher in this country than in Ontario and elsewhere, that their salary should be raised in proportion. The committee took the same view of it and decided to increase the salaries to \$250 per annum without a manse, and \$300 where a manse is supplied. The new missionaries appointed to the Northwest with the places they will probably be stationed at are as follows: J. L. Campbell, Edmonton; J. Gibson, Fort McLeod; A. McTavish, B. Bedford; A. McLean, Carrot River; W. A. McKenzie, Indian Head, and A. Urquhart, Regina. The following new missionaries have not yet been stationed, but will be at

a meeting of the Manitoba Home Mission Committee being held this afternoon: M McKinnon, J E Derelos, A Girdin and D Munro, from the Queen's College Missionary Society; N Russell and J L Hargrave, from the Montreal College Missionary Society; and A McD Haig, A McNab, A Pateron, W Farquharson and W R Kay, from King's College Missionary Society.—Sun.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

ACTS UPON THE BOWELS, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND THE BLOOD.

P. E. DURST,

THE PIONEER JEWELER,

Importer and Dealer in

GOLD AND SILVER ENGLISH, SWISS AND AMERICAN WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, Spectacles, Compasses, Telescopes, Etc.

Sole Agent for the Celebrated, **ROCKFORD WATCH,** THE RAILROAD TIMEKEEPER.

Also Agent for **W. MILLIOHAMP'S SHOW CASES.**

Personal supervision to all **REPAIRING,** And satisfaction guaranteed.

ROSSER AVENUE, BRANDON.

LIVERY.

JAMES S. GIBSON,

FIRST-CLASS RIGS, STYLISH HORSES.

Livery, Sale & Feed Stable.

DEALERS IN Horses, Oxen, Wagons, Sleighs, Buggies, Cutters, &c.

STABLE ON 6th STREET, NEAR PRINCESS AVE.

Special Rates to Commercial Travellers

LIVERY FEED AND SALE STABLE.

ROSSER AVENUE, BETWEEN 5th and 6th STS., BRANDON, MAN.

GOOD RIGS

Both single and double, and the best horses in Brandon to be had at all hours, and at reasonable rates. Special arrangements for commercial travellers.

Parties having horses or cattle for sale would find it to their advantage to give us a call before going elsewhere.

We guarantee satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage.

DANIEL BROAD, Manager. **W. H. GREEN, Prop.**

NO SURRENDER! WE STILL HOLD THE FORT!!

And in spite of the dull times we are selling more goods than ever. Our low prices and the fine quality of our goods is what does it.

WE HAVE ALREADY RECEIVED LARGE CONSIGNMENTS OF

Spring and Summer Goods AND STILL THEY COME.

Full Lines of Silks, Satins, Velvets and Velveteens. Full Lines of Dress Goods, Cashmeres, Buntings, Veilings, &c., in all the new shades.

RIBBONS, LACES, FRILLINGS.

Our Staple Department IS VERY COMPLETE

200 Pieces of BEAUTIFUL PRINTS, in all the New Styles and Colors. 10 Sales of FACTORY COTTONS & TWILLED SHEETINGS & PILLOW COTTONS. SHAM LOOMS, DUNDAS SHIRTINGS, HEAVY DUCKS and DENIMS, COTTON BAGS, &c., &c.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS, CRETTONNES, LACE CURTAINS, FINE BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY and ALL-WOOL CARPETS, HEMP CARPETS, COCOA MATTINGS and FLOOR OIL CLOTHS. CORNICE POLES and ORNAMENTS, a Full Stock.

Boots and Shoes. We feel satisfied we can boot all to their entire satisfaction that give us a call, as we have just received a large stock of Choice Goods, at low prices.

Groceries. A Full stock. Always FRESH Always GOOD. Always CHEAP.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR BARGAINS? Then be sure and call at the

TORONTO STORE, CORNER SEVENTH STREET AND ROSSER.

SOVEREEN & JOHNSTONE. Orders by Telephone promptly attended to.

JUST RECEIVED AT WHITEHEAD & WHITELAW'S STORE, BRANDON.

23 Crates H.I.D.'s Cases and Barrels of Fine China, White and Colored Granite Tea Sets, with a general stock of Delf Crockery and Glassware. Direct importation.

200 Pieces Fine Prints, extra value. 50 Pieces of Shirtings, Shirtings, Cottonades and Ducks, with an immense stock of General and Staple Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, and Clothing.

108 Half-Chest and Caddies of Fine Tea, carefully selected, fine flavor, bought low, and will be sold cheap.

600 Pounds Fresh Turnip Seed, Carrot, Mangold, Onion, Garden and Flower Seeds, of all kinds, fresh and good.

2630 Pairs Boots and Shoes, Finest Goods, Latest Styles, and Best Value the Market can produce.

400 Kegs Finest Syrup. 115 Boxes Raisins, and 22,000 pounds, or One Car Load of Sugars, all of which are direct importations and Good Value.

We especially invite Merchants, Hotel Keepers, and all large buyers, to see our stock and compare prices.

We are agents for the Portage Milling Company. A full stock of their Celebrated Flour always kept on hand.

WE SELL TOO CHEAP TO GIVE CREDIT. **COME AND SEE.**

WHITEHEAD & WHITELAW, New Goods for the Fall, 1883.

H. CROSSLEY

Has received a large stock of Mens and Youth's Ready-made Clothing, and in a few days will open out a complete assortment of Staple and Fancy dry goods, and Furs, all of which will be offered at prices to defy competition.

BOOTS and SHOES One of the largest assortments in the city for FALL and WINTER Goods at bottom prices.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS Constantly arriving and selling at figures lower than the lowest.

Don't Forget the Place, H. CROSSLEY, Ninth Street Brandon.

Brandon Weekly Mail,

THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1884.

A BLOW BUT NO RAIN.

The glib manner in which the Grit press of the Dominion deals with the agitation and its causes, in this country, would be amusing were it not for the amount of damage it is doing to the future prospects of this country. They first take it for granted that all the demands of the Farmers' Union are reasonable, and that it is downright wickedness that prevents the Government from fully conceding them. Up to 1792, Ontario was a dependency of Great Britain without provincial autonomy, as was Manitoba up to the date of its entering confederation. In that year its first parliament met at Niagara, and one of the most important announcements then made by the Governor-General was that Great Britain had handed to the Province the one-seventh of its Crown Lands, the remaining six-sevenths being retained by the Imperial authorities to be disposed of as they thought proper. Subsequently a larger area was handed to the Province, but great blocks were given to the U. E. Loyalists and other persons who became distinguished in the eyes of the Home Government. At that time railways, canals and the like were unknown in the country, but, had their construction by the English Government been a living issue, it is more than probable that the Province would have seen but little of its public lands. If, then, the Dominion Government retains the domain in Manitoba for public uses, it at least has a precedent for its decision.

Another serious furor is raised against the land policy, though no effort is made to show how it can be improved. For the sake of curiosity let us make a comparison between regulations of this country and Dakota, that paradise adored by the guardian angel of the leader of the Grit Opposition, Mr. Blake. In this country a man can not only homestead 160 acres, but pre-empt another 160 at the same time, while in Dakota he can homestead but 80 acres and is not allowed to pre-empt any, if he does so. In this country when he serves three years, fulfill the Government conditions, and takes out his patent, he can sell and homestead and pre-empt again; but in Dakota no second entry is allowed, and in passing we may add all the lands there are invested in the Central Government, instead of the several States, contrary to the sophistry of the Grits of Canada. It is true that the farmers in that blessed abode have no duties to pay on agricultural implements, but they have heavy import duties to pay on all clothing imported, teas and many of the necessities of life, to say nothing of a most exorbitant internal tax, running up the total per capita taxation to about \$14.50 against about half of that of the average Canadian. As for our part we cannot see the advisability of commending as a virtue robbing one pocket to pay another, which the Grits highly approve of in the system of our American neighbors.

It is true there are no monopoly clauses in any of the R. R. charters, but there were inducements to build American roads that did not offer at the time the C. P. R. contract was let. The land in the American west was supposed to be arable and fairly productive, while in the earlier days of this country the Grit leaders used to take pride in saying most of the soil of the Canadian northwest was an "arid waste," and not worth 25 cents per acre. If, then, the C. P. R. terms are more exacting than we would like to see them, the country must hold Grit representations mainly responsible. If, again, Grit sophistry is all it is alleged to be, brewed solely in the interest of the Canadian northwest, it is not an impertinent

question to ask why the Grits themselves did not put it in operation from 1873 to 1878, when they had an average majority of 75 in the House, to enable them to do so? If, as it is alleged, the B. N. A. and the Manitoba Acts provide that all provinces should be placed upon the same status, that was the time for the Grit fraternity to have shown their sincerity. The constitution was the same in those days that it is in these—if the public lands are now the birthright of Manitoba, they were then the same, and why did not the Grit Government hand them over to the Province? If they then wanted a C. P. R. contract without a monopoly clause, why did they not then make one—they were five years fizzling around looking for some one to build the road, and they could find none, monopoly or otherwise. If, too, their land policy was so admirable an one, why did it not bear better results? In the year ending in June last, the Interior Department returns show more immigrants were settled in Manitoba than were in the whole five years of the MacKenzie Administration, Neebing Hotel, Fort Francis Locks and all. The average Manitoban ought to give these matters his careful consideration before he is led away with clap-trap.

We notice, further that up to the present moment the Grit leaders have expressed no feelings of contrition for the mismanagement of affairs while in office. They do not say if in office once more they will not repeat the acts in the drama they played while in harness before. Like the Bourbon, they claim to have forgotten nothing, and they give no evidence of having learned anything—they carp at the heels of the men who are studying the requirements of the people, and are endeavoring to meet them, but they do nothing more, for the country's welfare. It is often said that "a bird in hand is worth two in the bush," and we are sure that all sensible Manitobans feel that way when considering the prospective acts of administrations.

THE CONSPIRACY.

That conspiracy case at Toronto is like a pool of putrid water—the more it is stirred the more it smells. Neither of the parties can ever get out with clean hands, no matter how much they may use the "pudding stick." It is a clear case, Kirkland was the leader of the movement, inspired by the system of ethics in vogue in the States. He wanted possession of his timber limits, and he thought to secure them he had nothing to do but buy up the Legislature, as he would the American Congress. After securing this information Wilkinson and two or three others knowing the Government was weak felt convinced "the golden moment" was at hand, and they set to work to make their bargain. They found McKim, Lyon, Dowling, Cascaden, and Balfour were willing to be purchased, if the bribe was large enough, and if the Government could be supplanted by a coalition, including two or three of what to them, were model statesmen. As they were being assured of this, the state of affairs reached the ears of the Ministers, and the latter pious men that they are, resorted to most unseemly (to use a mild word) measures to save themselves and expose the conspirators. They practically offered a larger bribe to the chattel property between the two parties, by restoring them to their confidence, and promising them consolation, with all that the word implies, for the future. There is no question but that had the negotiations not leaked out when they did, the Government was overthrown here this; and now the men who were lending themselves as tools, are the loudest in their denunciations of "the trick."

The Globe justifies the Government in inducing the tools to draw out the bribers, to see the length to which they would go, asserting that it is honorable to encourage crime,

that crime may be punished, just as if a murderer should be allowed to murder, just to convince the officers that he would do so, but this will hardly bear the investigation of the present century. On the other hand, the Mail has everything bad to say about the bribed, and not a word of condemnation for the bribers. But respectable journalism can never be conducted in that way. If there is a law to punish such proceedings, Wilkinson, Balfour, McKim, Cascaden and Co., should be treated to a dose of its penalties. It is only by making an example of all the offenders on both sides of the question that the recurrence of such proceedings can be prevented in the future.

The law of the land now is that for Local elections, candidates must deposit \$200 instead of \$25 as formerly, and if no charges of bribery are proved against them, their money is refunded.

SENATOR McPHERSON has succeeded in making such alterations in the land laws as will enable young men to homestead and pre-empt entries within three miles of their parents' homesteads, while residing with the latter.

A few days ago the Brandon Sun cautioned its readers to pass no judgment upon the actions of Mr. Sutherland, M. P., until more was known of his work during the session; and the Free Press of a day or two later contained an Ottawa despatch saying Mr. Sutherland was opposed to the Farmers' Union as its demands were exorbitant. With the Farmers' Union on one side, and Mr. Sutherland on the other, the public would like to know the position of the Grit print.

THE PORTAGE LIBERAL says "had Mr. A. W. Ross told the Lisgaronians when he was canvassing for their votes the course he was going to pursue in the House, his form would never have graced the Legislative Halls at Ottawa." That's sensible, very, as the contest lay between Messrs. Ross and Schultz, the latter of whom was a Government supporter. If Ross had told the people he would support the Government the constituency in any event could not have prevented the election of a Government supporter, the very thing the Liberal, by inference, says it would not have done.

THE WINNIPEG FREE PRESS calls Mr. Watson, M. P., "Manitoba's only representative." That is an excellent title, but we would like to know what he has done to earn it. We ask the Grit press to show one single measure, or one single resolution he succeeded in carrying in the House. The public were told time and again in Mr. Watson's campaign that if elected he would succeed in doing nothing, and the statement has been fully verified. Of course he voted against the C. P. R. loan, as he approved of "Liberal principles" and told the public there was no wood within 30 miles of Regina, and that the winter season was all but unbearable in the Northwest. This is the record the Marquette Grits consider worthy of a banquet.

The blue-blooded of the Portage are raising Mr. Watson by correspondence through the columns of the Review. Mr. Watson had no axes to grind at Ottawa and voted straight for Manitoba rights. His admirers propose to get up a banquet to his honor, and those who are opposed to Mr. Watson do not appear to possess the good sense to keep their noses out of it. The appeal to aid in the banquet offer is made simply to Mr. Watson's admirers, and the least others can do is to mind their own business.

So says the Winnipeg Sun. Well, yes, it was the intention of the Conservatives to leave the sweet-smelling mess alone, but they were not allowed to do so. The most frantic appeals were made to their good nature to put their names on the committee, as well as their hands in their pockets. This changes the drama.

THE supplementary estimates were brought down in the Commons on the 1st. The amount asked for is \$1,763,000, of which 614,000 is chargeable to capital, and \$999,000 to income, and \$149,000 for the Canadian Pacific subsidy, for a railway and highway bridge at Emerson, \$36,000 to settle the claim of Smith & Ripley on the Georgian Bay branch and \$17,000 to settle the claims of Sifton & Ward between Red River and Cross Lake. Among the items of public works chargeable to income is \$100,000 for parliamentary buildings, Winnipeg. Among the miscellaneous items is \$32,000 for expenses of the expedition to test the navigability of Hudsons Bay. The capital expenditure consists principally of railways, which includes the following item, \$25,500 revote.

"That the extreme measures adopted by the Manitoba and Northwestern Farmers' Union on the 5th instant, more particularly that in reference to advising immigrants against settling in Manitoba and the Northwest, is detrimental to the best interests of the country, and is denounced by the Assiniboia Farmers' Association in the strongest terms."

The foregoing, from an assembly of farmers pure and simple, is in strong contrast with the expression of the Union at Winnipeg, which was moved and seconded by Messrs. N. Brown, and J. Shillinglaw respectively. Mr. Brown is an ex-Methodist minister—an "ex" because of an itch he possessed while in the ministry for horse-trading and similar amusements—who has assisted in putting in three or four crops in this country, and Mr. Shillinglaw, a carpenter, who never once stood between the handles of a plow. It now remains for an interested public to say whether they believe the genuine farmers or the quasi apologists at the Winnipeg convention.

MR. LEACOCK made an enquiry in the Local Legislature the other day that is yet going to create considerable interest in the country. It was what the Government were going to do to advance higher education in the Province. With the lands as a means of carrying on an end, Manitoba will yet have High as well as Common schools in a flourishing condition, but with the country's present meagre resources, it is worse than useless to talk much about High Schools. At any hazard the State ought to provide for the general diffusion of elementary education, but the higher branches should be a secondary consideration. Experience teaches that the majority of our successful business, and many of our ablest public men, received but a but a common school training, on account of lack of facilities for better. This, of course, does not prove a classical training, as well as a grounding in the higher English branches is not desirable; but it goes to show that the state which brings a good common school training within the reach of the rising youth fairly discharges its duty to the country. The higher branches are always within the reach of all who possess the energy and talent that would be benefited by them.

Our editor asked a prominent Grit of this city, some weeks since, why it was his party selected Mr. Sutherland to contest Selkirk at the last election, and his reply was, "Well, you see, Mr. Cliffe, the county is so large that it took a great deal of money to canvass it, and we knew Mr. Sutherland had the money." That's the explanation for the misrepresentation of Selkirk in the Commons. It was not the qualifications of their candidate the Grit party looked at, but his ability to purchase his way in. A big turnip would serve their purpose in the House if it only had the means of rolling itself in, and now the country has got to suffer for their mistakes. Mr. Sutherland, it appears has secured the presidency of the Winnipeg and Hudson Bay Railway and Steamship Company, and, of

course, that was enough to take any one man's time the whole of one session, without giving the necessities of his constituents a single thought. The experience of the Grits in this instance teaches a lesson that ought to have a wholesome effect upon the whole country for all time to come—that speculators should not be selected for such positions. As a matter of fact, all men are speculators, but our reference is to the genuine specimen only. To such men the favors or the frowns of a Government mean thousands of dollars one way or the other, and the temptation is to sell principle for the sake of the purse. Principle may be strong in some men, but with the majority of the race, the power of purse is infinitely stronger, and here we leave the matter for the present.

Perfect Fits.

THE Subscribers, to better enable them to retain their well-earned reputation as successful.

Merchant Tailors

Are moving into their

NEW SHOP.

On ROSSER AVE.

Next to Dr. Fleming's Drug Store.

Where they have every facility for treating their Customers' handiwork. They have in a large supply of the best Materials the Eastern Markets afford.

SPRING & SUMMER WEAR.

Bought for Cash, and are giving their Patrons the benefits of their opportunities.

REMEMBER.

We make nothing but the Best Fitting Suits, out of the Best Materials, at the lowest living profits.

STOCKTON & CO.

Pioneer Tailors.

To the Front.

GOODS FOR THE SEASON.

BOOTS & SHOES

In endless variety, of best makes, and at lowest prices.

Dry Goods

CLOTHING

FOR THE MILLION

Of choicest selection, and at the lowest living quotations.

GROCERIES

In every line, fresh, and bought under the best inspection, in the most favorable market.

A LARGE VARIETY OF

Nick-Nacks,

FOR THE

HOLIDAY TIME.

Numerous in variety, and choice in design.

As we are going out of

Hardware

We offer the Balance of the Stock at

BARGAINS.

CAMERON

AND

CUMMING.

IMPORTANT.

We are authorized by the Commission of Dominion Lands to make the following announcement for the information of parties interested:—

1. Persons who squatted in the mile belt before it was thrown open for settlement, and who, being unable to obtain entry, secured entries outside the belt, and are now desirous of abandoning such entries and obtaining land within the mile belt, are permitted to do so.

2. Persons who purchased land within the mile belt, and who now desire to have these sales cancelled, and to be permitted to homestead, are allowed to do so, to the extent of 220 acres in all, the payments already made by them to be credited them on account of their pre-emptions.

3. Both of these classes being subject to the provisions of the Order in Council granting the privilege of homesteading within the mile belt.

4. Persons who purchased cancelled homesteads during the time when entry was closed, and that class was withheld, will, on application, be placed on the same footing as persons now obtaining homestead or homestead and pre-emption entry on lands of the same class, and the money paid by them on account of their purchase will be credited on account of their pre-emptions.

WAS IT A COINCIDENCE?

Douglas Ayer, Clerk.

What received the following from a correspondent and give it to the public as we get it:—

After the skirmish at Ridgeway in 1866, the Fenian forces were making tracks for the American side, and at Fort Erie encountered a few volunteers, who, under the leadership of a celebrated colonel, were compelled to retreat, some of whom took refuge in a house which was riddled with Fenian bullets. The volunteers were not idle either, and one of them, by a well directed shot, compelled a Colonel Bailey (who appeared very active in command) riding a grey horse, to dismount rather suddenly.

About the same period the 100th regiment was disbanded in which was a sergeant named Bailey.

Can it be possible that a person of the same name who has been making himself conspicuous in teaching sedition, if not rebellion, in this good land of ours is identical with the Fenian Colonel.

I would warn the loyal farmers to beware of their champion until he satisfies them of his whereabouts in June 28/86.

ONE WHO WAS THERE

April 1st, 1884

DAILY.

Meeting called to order by Reeve for April 1, 84.

Present, Councillors Browning, Braun, Bailey, Westwood and Shild.

Moved by Browning—Bailey, that the Reeve and Clerk sign the petition in favor of the land law amendment, on behalf of the council. Carried.

Moved by Westwood—Braun, that leave be given to introduce by law No. 9, to raise money for the municipality. Carried.

Council resolved into a committee of the whole to report on by-law No. 9.

Moved by Westwood—Braun, that any person, resident or non-resident, that may wish to obtain a statutory labor shall have a reduction of fifty cents per day if he is taking the first of June. Carried.

Moved by Westwood—Braun, that the assessment roll be accepted as satisfactory to the council, and the assessors' salary be ordered paid.

Moved by Browning—Westwood, that the Reeve and Councillors Westwood, Bailey, and Shild be and are hereby appointed a Court of Revision for the Municipality, to meet at the house of Wm. Davidson, Sec. 22, 1/4, 11, r. 21, on the 16th day of April at 6 o'clock p.m., and that the Clerk be instructed to post necessary notices and advertise in the Brandon Sun and Mail. Carried.

Meeting adjourned.

GLENWOOD COUNCIL.

Council met at the school house on 2nd St. Present the Reeve and councillors Moore, Elgar, McCulloch and Cook.

Communications—from Minota council to petition against county councils; from F. B. Rose, to petition for a new register of land transfer; from sec. Hebron school, to levy \$200 on district—levy made accordingly. Mr. W. F. Sowden, making offers respecting bridge and ferry.

Petitions—from A. Fenwick and four others, to have section 1, 2, 3 and 4 in S. 20 separated from Hebron school district and joined to Riverside; also from W. J. Downie and nine others, change be made on the bounds of the Hebron district—referred to the school committee; from Hull, George, &c., and 23 others, asking for a sidewalk—referred to road and Bridge committee.

Road and Bridge committee reported that having examined the ferry and asked for tenders for repairing, they awarded the contract to James Fry for \$219; also ex-

amined the Plum Creek bridge and recommended that the railing be extended on the south end, to prevent accidents; also recommended that Stephen Brown should be engaged to run the ferry at \$40 per month. Adopted.

School committee reported recommending that sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 be added to Riverside. Adopted.

Finance committee reported as follows: That Wm. Fallis be paid for labor for 1882 \$4 50; Jos. Fallis, ditto, \$4 50; Wesley Fallis, ditto, \$4 50; Thos. Kidd, do, \$4 50; J. Shelby, do, \$3; E. Emery, do, \$3; S. A. Cartwright, do, \$2 50; J. Wilson, do, \$4 50; John McGregor, do, \$4 50; T. A. Palmer, do, \$4 50; C. W. Rae, do, \$4 50; E. A. L. Smith, do, \$18; John Campbell, do, \$4 50; S. G. Fairclough, do, \$4 50; Wm. Sloman, do, \$7 50; Sears Mott, do, \$4 50; William Smith, do, \$4 50; Thomas Henderson, do, \$4 50; John Roberts, do, \$4 50; the Mail office, stationery &c., \$25. That W. J. Ferguson's account be laid over. That Peter Sutherland's request be not granted. That Andrew Kidd's account for labor be laid over. That G. R. Johnston's account for labor be laid over. Adopted.

GUN-SMITHING.

The undersigned has opened a Shop next to Cole & Sanders Tailor's Shop.

ROSSER AVENUE,

Where he is prepared to do all kinds of

REPAIRING

In Guns, Sewing Machines, Saws, and all such Implements.

W. COOPER.

**MAIL CONTRACT.**

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 15th May next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, once per week each way, between

Oakland & Portage la Prairie,

From the 1st July next. The conveyance to be made in a suitable vehicle.

The Mails leave Oakland every Wednesday at 7 a.m., arrive at Portage la Prairie at 11.30 a.m. Leave Portage la Prairie same day at 12.30 p.m. Arrive at Oakland at 5 p.m.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office at Oakland and Portage la Prairie or at the office of the subscriber.

W. W. McLEOD,

P.O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,

Winnipeg, 15th Feb., 1884.

**MAIL CONTRACT**

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 15th May next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, twice per week each way, between

Breadview and Yorkton,

From the 1st July next. The conveyance to be made in a suitable vehicle or vehicles, via Crescent Lake.

The Mails to leave Yorkton on Wednesday at 7 a.m., arrive at Breadview on Thursday at 9 a.m. Leave Breadview on Friday at 9 a.m., and arrive at Yorkton on Saturday at 6 p.m.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Breadview, Crescent Lake and Yorkton, or at the office of the subscriber.

W. W. McLEOD,

P.O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,

Winnipeg, 15th Feb., 1884.

**MAIL CONTRACT.**

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 15th May next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, twice per week each way, between

Totoigon and Westbourne,

From the 1st July next. The conveyance to be made on horseback or in a suitable vehicle.

The Mails to leave Westbourne on Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 3 45 p.m., after the arrival of Mails from Portage la Prairie, and arrive at Totoigon at 5 45 p.m. Leave Totoigon same days at 6 45 p.m., and arrive at Westbourne at 4 45 p.m.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Westbourne and Totoigon, or at the office of the subscriber.

W. W. McLEOD,

P.O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,

Winnipeg, 15 Feb., 1884.

THE WALL PAPER EMPORIUM!

NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

48 Cases Latest Designs in Wall Papers

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. SPECIAL PRICES FOR HOTELS.

Wholesale and Retail.

WM. H. SAUNDERS, 9, MAIN STREET, WINNIPEG.

W. F. WILSON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Dealer in Furniture,

CORNER ROSSER AVENUE & 6th STREET.

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.

We can give you anything in the Furniture line that you may require, from the plainest to the most elaborate.

Don't spend a Dollar in Furniture till you see our Stock, as we will give you better value than anyone in the trade, and a Large Stock to Select from.

COME AND SEE US.

Undertaking promptly attended to.

JOHN DICKINSON,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS,

Boots and Shoes, etc.

CORNER NINTH STREET AND ROSSER AVENUE,

BRANDON, - - MANITOBA.

JERRY ROBINSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

GENERAL DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

Our Spring Stock is new & fresh.

And will be found complete in all Lines.

IF YOU WANT GOOD GOODS CHEAP,—

GIVE US A TRIAL!

We buy in the best markets, and are satisfied with small profits.

JERRY ROBINSON & CO.,

CORNER SIXTH ST. & ROSSER AVENUE.

R. McLEAN,

HARDWARE,

Paints, Oils, Lamps, Chandeliers, Coal Oil,

Glass, etc.; etc.

CORNER EIGHTH ST. AND ROSSER AVE

DE FOWLER'S
EXTRACT-WILD
STRAWBERRY
CHOLERA
CHOLERA INFANTUM
DIARRHOEA
ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

Western Division.

TRAIN SERVICE.

CHANGE OF TIME

On and after June 17, 1883, trains will move as follows:

Going West.	Going East.
7:30 a.m. Leave Winnipeg	Arrive 6:30 p.m.
8:00 a.m. Portage la Prairie	4:00 p.m.
1:30 p.m. Brandon	1:00 p.m.
9:00 p.m. Brandon	5:00 a.m.
2:22 a.m. Regina	11:00 p.m.
5:00 a.m. Moose Jaw	8:00 p.m.
2:10 p.m. Swift Current	12:30 p.m.
9:15 p.m. Maple Creek	8:30 a.m.
1:25 a.m. Arrive Medicine Hat	Leave 12:30 a.m.

Going South.	Winnipeg	Going North.
Leave 7:55 a.m.	7:35 p.m.	Arrive 6:00 a.m.
10:35 a.m. Emerson	4:05 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
10:30 a.m. Arrive St. Vincent	3:45 a.m.	4:00 p.m.

Going South.	Winnipeg	Going North.
18:15 a.m. Leave Winnipeg	Arrive 4:00 p.m.	
1:45 a.m. Stony Mountain	4:00 p.m.	
1:45 a.m. Greta	2:10 p.m.	
4:30 p.m. Arrive Manitoba City	Leave 4:00 a.m.	

Going South.	Winnipeg	Going North.
8:35 a.m. Leave Winnipeg	Arrive 4:00 p.m.	
9:35 a.m. Stony Mountain	4:00 p.m.	
10:00 a.m. Arrive Stonewall	Leave 2:30 p.m.	

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Magnificent Palace Sleeping Cars will be run on all through passenger trains between Winnipeg and Emerson and Winnipeg and Port Arthur.

Trains move on Winnipeg time.

JOHN M. EGAN, W. C. VAN HORNE,
Gen. Superintendent, Gen. Manager.
W. J. HARPER, Asst. Traffic Manager.

WILSON & CO.

DEALERS IN

Hardware

STOVES

TINWARE.

CORNER 7th and

Rosser Avenue.

GARDEN SEEDS,
IN BULK.
Positively the Largest and Best Selected Stock West of Winnipeg.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
T. W. KIRKPATRICK,
General Grocer, 6th St., Brandon.

CANADIAN.

The Hon. John Stevenson, of Nanawau, the first Speaker of the Ontario Legislature, is dead.

Arrangements are being made for the early opening of lake navigation. The Campana will be the first steamer to go out. She leaves about the middle of April. The Collingwood line freight rates are three to six dollars a ton less than last year.

Valerie McKenny, an inmate of the lunatic asylum, Toronto, murdered Rachel Stephen, another inmate, on Friday last, by smashing her head in with a light bucket. McKenny had fits of melancholy for some time past and last night was put into the refractory ward with Stephens with her to prevent McKenny suiciding.

Lelissa Squire, of London East, had her father arrested for threatening to kill her. She said at times he made improper proposals, finally asking her to run away with him. The girl is living. When in court the girl was unwilling to testify against her parent and the case was adjourned.

The Canada Shipping Co. sues the Ottawa Free Press for libel. The grounds of action are the statements of a female passenger to a reporter, which he put in print, to the effect that the food was unfit for human beings; that the berths were foul smelling; that the steward had insulted the passengers who complained by using foul language.

FOREIGN.

Five bandits were hanged at Tombstone, Arizona, on Thursday. The offence was for murdering the Bischo family some months since. They all declared their innocence.

The steamer Rebecca Everingham, was lost off Columbus, Georgia, on Thursday, and eight persons were drowned. The remainder of the crew were rescued.

Frank Elliot (colored), who committed a gross assault on a young woman in York county, North Carolina, was brought to Rockhill last week. When leaving the station for York jail the people overpowered the sheriff's posse and took Elliot on a run to just outside the corporation limits and hanged him. On the body was a card bearing the words: "Our daughters we protect."

A brief telegram was received last Thursday from Springfield, Ind., by the officers of the Fort Wayne, Cincinnati & Louisville Railway, stating that a cyclone destroyed the town of Oakville, killing five people and wounding several others. Owing to the prostration of the wires particulars are not obtained. Oakville is a village of 200 inhabitants, ten miles from Newcastles.

On Monday night a masked mob surrounded the jail at Dallas, Galton county, overpowered the jailer and took out Edwin McCulloch (colored) carried him to a tree half a mile away and hanged him. A week ago McCulloch shot and killed Thomas Nelson, a prominent young man of Galton county, in cold blood. McCulloch was being reprimanded for neglect when he drew a pistol and shot Nelson dead. The lynching numbered about fifty, none of whom are known.

PROVINCIAL.

The Dominion Government is very properly placing restrictions on Chinese immigration.

About 200 men will commence work on the C.P.R. Southwestern in a very few days.

Mr. Sweeney, late manager of the Bank of Montreal, was banquipped by his friends the other night, and "pursed" to the extent of \$3,500.

A young Englishman named Beatson died in Winnipeg last Thursday, from the effects of a hurt received by a stick of timber falling on him from a car.

The City of Winnipeg has been sued by the Manitoba Electric Light Co., for \$250,000, for breach of contract. The demand is a full grown one to say the least of it.

The Winnipeg people are going to have their new City charter "done up brown." They are inserting clauses to impose heavy penalties for bribery and treating on elections.

The two Stephensons were hanged at Regina on Thursday last for the murder of the old man McCarthy at Qu'Appelle, something like a year ago. They both acknowledged their guilt.

On the 26th of March R. A. Cowan, of Minnedosa, sowed 15 acres of wheat. This is the earliest sowing ever known in this district, the 5th of April being the earliest previously known.

Thos. Franklin, who was badly frozen near stonewall, some time ago, had both feet and five fingers amputated yesterday by Drs. Pulford and McDonald. Franklin is an old man, but is expected to recover.

A sad accident occurred at McLeod's Works on the C.P.R., 165 miles east of Port Arthur, last week. By a blast three men, James Gildbery, being one of the number killed, and four or five others badly hurt.

John Clark, of Parkdale, sued the Temperance Colonization Society for \$10,000 damages, owing to losses occasioned by his purchasing lands in the Northwest from them which they had no right to sell. By agreement the counsel settled, Clark receiving \$3,700.

A WHITE-ROBE FIGURE.

Perhaps the most wonderful case of somnambulism that has been known in Toronto for years occurred recently at an early hour. Shortly after two o'clock a gentleman was proceeding homewards along King street near Simcoe when he suddenly observed by the gas light a spectral-looking figure about one hundred yards in front of him on the opposite side of the street. The air was perfectly still so that ordinary footsteps on the sidewalk could be heard for some distance, but not a sound came of any kind proceeded from the figure which moved towards him. When he first caught sight of it the figure was moving along in front of the Government House grounds, and, as it drew near the corner of Simcoe street he perceived that it was clothed in white. The sight at first almost froze his blood with terror. He was on the point of resigning himself to belief supernatural agency when it occurred to him that he might as well face it out, and see where the apparition would go to. It kept its course silently and as if there was not a human being within a 1,000 miles of it, until it reached York street.

THE GENTLEMAN FOLLOWED STEALTHILY.

On the other side of the street, at York street there stood P. C. Davis and at a short distance away P. C. McFarlane both were at a loss to think what sort of a "ghost" it was making towards them. P. C. Davis approached it to stop, when a sudden ejaculation of surprise and horror came in a man's voice. In a few moments the constable learned that the "mysterious apparition" was an unfortunate young man who was in a somnambulistic fit. When he had sufficiently regained his senses to realize where he was, he gave his name and address. As he was nearly dead with cold, the officers proceeded with him at once to his home. It appeared that he had leaped in his night dress from his bedroom window, which is situated on the second floor of a house on Windsor street. Strange enough, he was not awakened by the fall, but went to work and sealed a seven foot fence and reached Wellington street by means of a lane. He then walked along Wellington to John up which he proceeded to King and along King to York, where luckily he was noticed by the policemen. As he is a young man of very respectable connections his name is suppressed.—The Toronto Mail.

MUNICIPALITY OF BRENDA.

Snow, the beautiful snow, is rapidly disappearing, making traveling with sleighs difficult.

There is quite a rush of settlers to our beautiful Souris Valley; the roads last week were lined with teams loaded with household goods farming implements, women and children, showing they mean to make their home with us. Many cattle have also been brought in. In a few days seeding will commence. A large area will be put in this season. If the farmers were certain of the South-western railroad being pushed through a great quantity of land would be broken this season.

Several school meetings have been held lately, and No. 2 school section has been organized. Messrs. Anderson, Bowers and Grahame were elected trustees. A school site has been selected at Napinka, and the lumber is already on the ground, although only a few weeks have elapsed since the first school meeting.

J. F.

TREE SEEDS.

THE undersigned has brought with him, from Sweden, a quantity of Tree seeds, such as Hardy Holly, Gynanora, Laburnum, Pink and white Blossom Hawthorn, Red and white Alder, Birch, Scotch Fir and Larch. They are all of the hardiest species, and are certain to do well in the country, as they stand the severest frosts and winds, and are shady and ornamental. Packages containing 25 seeds, embracing some of the varieties will be sent to any address for \$1, with simple instructions as to planting. Orders can be left at the "Brandon Mail" Office.

R. A. CLARK, Medicine Hat, N.W.T.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "For Mounted Police Provisions and Light Supplies," and addressed to the Honorable the President of the Privy Council, Ottawa, will be received up to noon on TUESDAY, 1st May.

Printed forms of tender, containing full information as to the articles and quantities required, may be had on application at the Department. No tender will be received unless made on such printed forms.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian Bank Cheque for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the total value of the article or articles tendered, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority having been first obtained.

FRED. WHITE,

Comptroller.

Ottawa, 17th March, 1894.

JAMES BLACKHALL,

AGENT FOR

R. S. WILLIAMS & SON'S (TORONTO)

PIANOS
AND
ORGANS
ALSO DEALER IN
SEWING MACHINES.

11th STREET,
BRANDON.

SPECIAL FACILITIES TO LOAN
—ON—
Farm and City Property

Straight Loans. Interest rarely, not in advance, at lowest current rates. Special privileges given for the repayment of Loans. Loans put through with despatch. All business strictly confidential. Applications by Mail will receive prompt attention.

INSURANCE.
Fire and Life. Guarantee and Accident Insurance in first-class Companies.

Apply to C. WISSER.

Agent and Valuer,

Office at Brandon House.

P.S.—I have also leased the Boarding Department of the Brandon House. Farmers, Travelers, and everybody else can get a good Square Meal and Good Beds at moderate charges. Give me a call.

C. WISSER.

W. W. WILSON

GENERAL

Blacksmiths and Jobbers,

WEST SIDE NINTH STREET,

Between Rossier and Princess Avenues.

BEST HORSE SHOERS IN
THE CITY.

Repairing of All Kinds
DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

Gentlemen, give us a call.

W. W. WILSON,

N. B.—Wood work done with neatness and dispatch.



Who is Perry Davis?

About forty years ago when Perry Davis of Providence, I. L., in the United States, first introduced to the world his now universally known Pain-Killer, he was a poor man without influence, a cripple and an invalid. He studied the effect of certain drugs upon the human system, and experimented in their use until he had compounded a medicine capable of curing his own maladies. When restored to health he offered the preparation to his fellow sufferers, and now there is not a country on earth which does not buy it. It is eminently a "HOUSEHOLD MEDICINE."

Safe to use at all times. It is adapted for both internal and external application, and reaches a great many complaints, such as Sudden Colds, Chills, Congestion or Stoppage of Circulation, Croup, Pain in the stomach, Summer and Winter Complaints, Sore Throat, &c.

Applied externally, it has been found very useful for

Sprains, Bruises, Rheumatic Pains, Swelled Feet, etc., arising from Tooth-ache.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

C. N. GILCHRIST,
Merchant Tailor

HAS OPENED OUT A

FIRST-CLASS TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

Corner Fifth Street & Rosser Ave.

Where will be found one of the finest stocks of

French Worsteds, and Scotch and English Tweeds,
ever shown in the Northwest.

N. B.—Only First-class workmen employed, and satisfaction guaranteed to all who may favor me with their patronage.

G. N. GILCHRIST.

THE PLACE
TO GET YOUR

EYE

PERFECTLY FITTED
WITH
BEST PEBBLE SPECTACLES.

IS AT
Reesor's Jewelry Store.

Just to Hand, another lot of
Reliable Gold and Silver WATCHES,
SOLID 18 KARAT GOLD RINGS & FINE GOLD JEWELRY.

Also SILVERWARE & JET GOODS.
Everything marked in plain figures, and at Bottom Prices. Please Call and See.

Repairing a Specialty.
D. A. REESOR, The Jeweller.

WESBROOK and FAIRCHILD

Have full lines of both
AMERICAN and CANADIAN

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

CALL AND SEE OUR CELEBRATED

MONITOR SEEDER,

Acknowledged by all practical farmers to be superior to any in the Market.

A FULL STOCK IN

DEERE & CO.'S

HAND, SULKEY AND GANG PLOWS.

With Extra Heavy Points.

Bower, Blackburn Mundle & Porter,

IMPORTER

WHOLESALE

General Merchants,

Ready-Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes,

Carpets, Hardware, Brushes

Crockery, Groceries, Provisions, Dry Goods.

—STORES—

Cor. Tenth St. and Pacific Avenue.

BRANDON, MAN.

The Return of the Princess.

BY JACQUES VINCENT.

CHAPTER XXIV. CONTINUED.

But instantaneously, as if in obedience to a given signal, the tumult ceased, and the music was hushed. This silence, abruptly succeeding such extreme animation, aroused me from my lethargy. Hosnah took me by the hand and led me to the closed door of the harem. Why I could not explain, but a shudder crept over me. I was terrified by this mysterious ceremonial, whose import I did not comprehend. Then, without the door, someone rapped several times; and a voice demanded my consent to my marriage with Mohammed. I looked at my sister, expecting with amazement. Three times she said "Yes." She had answered for me.

The festivities were prolonged till morning. Hosnah excused me, and let me back to my own apartments with pretended solicitude. While I had been to relieve me of my weariness, my sister explained that during my absence certain reports had been circulated in Cairo which might have caused the members of Mohammed's family some uneasiness, and my father, to completely reassure them, had joined this impromptu solemnization of my marriage. It was the hour when he had spoken outside that closed door.

Martha, I am married!

XXVII.

This is the first hour I have been able to call my own during the past two days. All is over. Tomorrow I shall leave Chimilah; they will conduct me to my husband's home. A final fête is taking place this evening in the harem, at which etiquette forbids me to assist. Hosnah appears as my representative.

These two days have left upon my mind only an impression of bewilderment and fatigue; completely exhausted by the excitement of the day, I have passed the nights in a broken slumber. Hosnah is always vigilant beside me. It is she who dictates how each moment shall be spent. Any cause to congratulate me, I received from her presence.

In compliance with a desire expressed by Mohammed, and which, it seems, is an almost unparalleled mark of consideration in our Oriental world, Hosnah went with me to-day to the palace which I am to inhabit—where I shall remain to-morrow. Mohammed's female relatives received me there, and did the honors of a magnificent collation. Hosnah skillfully made amends for my want of education. I went through the stupor and awe in which my life is to be spent with an indifference that I cannot overcome. In a large drawing room, near a magnificent band piano, I recognized my own music rack, books, and several of my favorite pieces. Everything was ready for my reception. The house seems inhabited already. I do not know whether Hosnah's penetrating eye detected the thought that was passing through my secret heart, but it seemed to me that she was afraid, and that she shortened the visit as much as possible. I returned to Chimilah with an increase of fever, but concealed the fact, in order to induce them to leave me undisturbed. My father came in soon after my return. My submission has wholly appeased his anger. His manner now is almost tender; and something of the confidence and affection of former days characterized our interview. Once I threw myself into his arms, sobbing unrestrainedly. He soothed me with loving words and caresses. Then Aly called, bringing me a superb present from Adilah.

I was compelled to lay aside my letter for the flood of bitter memories that mounted to my brain. It was necessary to bring about a reaction, and I made the tour of my apartments as if to bid adieu to the dear objects I am about to leave. I took from my little library the first book upon which my hand chance to fall—a copy of Shakespeare. I opened it and the first lines that attracted my attention were Cleopatra's words to her attendants. Here was a woman who could not forget. The grim ending of this tragedy made me cold with terror. So there are haughty souls who have not disdained to cast off their burdens of misery! I have wept over her sorrows—and yet she had been loved; and the imperishable memory of that love remained to comfort and console her. She had never been scorned, she had never been repulsed, and yet she sought relief in death.

show me, my woman, like a queen—go forth! My best attire; I am again Cydnus To meet Mark Antony."

"Iras,

Give me my robe, put on my crown; I have immortal longings in me."

Then, turning to the man laden with the basket of figs and the pretty worm of Nilus that kills and pains not, she asks if he is sure its bite is mortal.

Mansour's mother surprised me at my reading. On seeing her a strange curiosity took possession of me.

"Have you still the asp that I saw at your house one day?"

"Yes."

"Is it true that its bite is mortal?"

"Yes; it benumbs one, and then falls asleep."

"Listen; I wish you to bring me the one you showed me."

"For what purpose?"

"Do you see this book? It is a history of one of our great queens. She was rich; she was powerful, and yet she died, poisoned by an asp. Bring me yours, I wish to see the little instrument of death."

She cast a suspicious glance at me.

"For what purpose?" she persisted.

"Do you not use it in your sorcery? I am to enter on a new life to-morrow. Bring your magician's wand and your books with you, and you shall read my destiny. Go, go. I will be obeyed."

On receiving this imperious command she left me.

Is this not a strange and morbid freak of curiosity that has seized me on this evening of solitude and mournful thought?

My destiny! Do you still remember the day I arrived at Chimilah? What rapture! what enchantment! How charming everything appeared! And now—Say, Martha, was it not the strangest, the most unheard of thing? It seems an hallucination that here, in the seclusion of the harem, isolated from the world, I have lived, loved, and suffered all the delirium of passion; and that from my life's secret, which will always be shrouded in mystery, neither my father nor anyone of my relatives can ever lift the veil.

There, in a superb vase, is a large and magnificent bouquet, the gift of my husband, which reminds me the morrow is already here. Among the rich Bengal roses are a few sprays of jasmine.

You cannot perceive how ill the perfume of that flower makes me!

XXVIII.

I did not fall asleep until morning. It is now noon. I have only just risen. I wish to add a few words to my letter of yesterday, while waiting for Salome, who is going to tell my fortune. All her implements of her craft are here on the table in front of me; and in a little box is the famous asp, reposing on a bed of leaves.

Strange little creature! one would suppose it a pretty emerald bracelet.

I have shut myself up in my room to escape the extraordinary confusion that prevails throughout the palace. They are making arrangements for my departure. My trousseau must first be carried in great pomp to my husband's palace; then, this evening, escorted by a cortege, armed with torches, I shall enter a carriage with my sister Hosnah, who will conduct me to my new home. It is needless to say I shall take Bell, and also my poor Mansour.

Is it true that I am married? Why does that word chill me to the heart? Have I not had three days to accustom myself to the thought? For three days have I not known that I must go to-morrow. Have I not been Mohammed's wife three days?

The apartments occupied by my women command a view of the inner court-yard, in which the carriage always waits for the inmates of the harem. I wished to see them. They were all gayly decorated; all the appointments were dazzling; even the seats for the coachman were covered with costly stuffs, embroidered with gold. All these preparations are for me—to take me away. I rushed back to my room like a mad woman.

It is done; all is finished. When evening succeeds this day that is drawing so rapidly to a close, I shall no longer be my own mistress. To-night I shall be in the house of Mohammed—Mahammed, my husband!

Ah! I did not think of this; I did not believe this frightful hour would ever come. Overwhelmed with despair, without a thought of the consequences, I allowed them to work their will, believing I was no longer capable of suffering. Ah well! I was mistaken, deceived. I love him—I love him as I did the first day I saw him! I love Hassan! I love his memory. I even love this illusion which has wrought my woe. I cannot, I will not, be another's. Married! Oh! no, no! I have been living in a dream; I am waking now. My gloomy destiny is accomplished. Martha, no other being in the world, not even he, will ever know the sad secret of my life. You are

my only confidante. Guard my secret, as you will preserve my memory, in your heart of hearts. My friend, my sister, forgive me! I have opened the little box in which Salome keeps the asp. It has bitten me; I am dying! Farewell!

XXIX.

"MY DEAR CHILD.—I can scarcely see to write, my eyes are so blinded with tears. At an hour when all was joy and happiness—for this marriage crowned our every wish—a terrible calamity has plucked us all into mourning. Our poor little Princess Miriam is no more. When they entered her apartments to conduct her to her husband's residence, they found her stretched upon the divan on the veranda, cold and lifeless. She was dead—poisoned by an asp, which must have been concealed among the flowers. Alas! when such a brilliant destiny awaited her! I send with these sad tidings a sealed letter, addressed to you, which was still in her hand. BELL."

THE END.

CALAMITOUS CYCLONE.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., April 3.—A destructive cyclone struck this county Tuesday afternoon, completely wiping Oakville, seven miles south of here on the Fort Wayne, Cincinnati and Louisville Railway, entirely out of existence, and doing damage to life and property. About five o'clock a heavy black cloud came driving from the north and another from the west. The two clouds met at the house of Lewis Cochrane, two miles west of Oakville, which it lifted bodily from its floor and foundations and tearing it into kindling wood, which was scattered for miles around. Half a minute later it struck Oakville, carrying death and destruction in its track. Of the thirty houses in Oakville all but three were torn to atoms. Eleven persons were killed in and about Oakville, and a large number injured. Fifty are reported wounded. A large house and sawmill adjoining the town are in ruins, and all round is a chaos of rubbish, whose ownership it is impossible to tell. Christian Swain lost everything, and had his house blown down over his head, but like Cochrane, escaped without injury. L. Hale had his new house entirely removed from its foundation. The track of the cyclone was a quarter of a mile wide, and devoured everything in its track.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., April 3.—A cyclone 100 yards wide passed 60 miles below this city in a northeasterly direction. Two members of Col. Tatum's family were killed and five other deaths are reported. Several trees were blown across the track. The Alabama and Great Southern Railway night express was thrown from the track by obstructions and the fireman, E. L. Brown, killed, and the engineer, Mike Freely, was injured.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., April 3.—A destructive cyclone passed through this county last night, greatly damaging timber and fences. Three of a family named White was blown away, and Mr. White and her mother-in-law were killed. The lady was carried several miles into the woods, where it was found alive this morning. A man named Glover had both shoulders broken and others more or less injured.

A despatch from Pittsburgh says that the cyclone passing over the Monongahela valley injured twenty-one persons, four fatally. The sun was shining brightly at half-past nine. A few minutes later the sky became overcast, hail commenced falling, and there were flashes of lightning with loud peals of thunder. A terrific gale followed, levelling the fences, wrenching signs from their fastenings and destroying several houses.

A Columbus (Ohio) despatch says that a destructive wind-storm passed over Reynoldsburg, twelve miles east of Columbus, in a south-east direction on Tuesday night. Several houses, barns and bridges were blown, and a still greater number were unroofed. Fences and great trees were laid waste, and five miles of telegraph poles along the National road were torn down. So far as learned no one was injured, though some stock was killed. The effects of the cyclone did not reach Columbus, except in a heavy hail and rain storm.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 11th of April, for the erection of a

FRAME SCHOOL HOUSE,

AT BROOKDALE, Tp. 12, r. 16, w. Specifications can be seen at this office. Tenders will be opened at Mr. Adam M. Kane's, on the 12th of April, at 10 o'clock, the lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. JOHN MITCHELL, Brookdale P. O., March 21st, 1884. Sec.-Treas.

Something Worth Knowing!

Is where to lay out your Money to the best advantage.

THE PLACE IS

T. T. ATKINSON'S

COR. ROSSER AVE & SIXTH STREET, BRANDON.

Here you can get the Best Assortment of

Dress Goods, Prints, Cottons, Cretounes, Shirts, Ducks, Denims, Gloves and Hosiery,

CENERAL DRY GOODS,

AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

300 New and Fashionable Suits of Ready-made Clothing,

THE BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED IN BRANDON

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES,

AND

General Groceries and Provisions,

Cannot be beaten for quality and value for the money, in the Province.

Call and see for yourself, and get quotations at

T. T. ATKINSON'S,

MOLEWSORTH BLOCK.

The Best Offer Yet!

To give the public a chance to secure CHEAP LITERATURE, we now make the BEST OFFER OF THE SEASON.

To those who send us, as new Subscribers \$2.50 Cash, we will send the

BRANDON

WEEKLY MAIL

—AND—

Nor'-West Farmer,

from now till the 1st of January, 1885.

And make a Present of a Book, entitled

'Home and Health,'

Containing 450 Pages of useful matter beside.

The Nor'-West Farmer is the only Agricultural Paper in the North West, and is especially valuable to the Agriculturists of this Country.

In addition to the above, we will send the

TORONTO WEEKLY MAIL

For 50 Cents extra, or all three publications and the Book for \$3.50.

Those of our present Subscribers who are clear on our books can take the place of New Subscribers.

To give all a chance we will accept \$1.50 as full payment for the MAIL from those who are in arrears from its commencement, and will then allow those remitting to rank as New Subscribers in this offer also.

Remittance can be made in Registered Letters, at our risk. Specimen copies of the MAIL to be had at all Post Offices.

